	overnment T) C	Local Governa			County	
[] City		mship L	Village Other	CITY	OF AUBURN			AY
Audit Da JUNE	30, 2	004	Opinion Date NOVEMBER	5, 2004	Date Accountant Report	Submitted to Stat	le:	
Reporting Reporting	ng Forma ment of Tr	rdance v at for Fin	with the Statement	ts of the Gov	nit of government and remmental Accounting as and Local Units of	g Standards I	Board (GASB) a	and the Unifo
					ocal Units of Govern	ment in Michi	gan as revised.	
We furth	her affirm	the follow	accountants registering. "Yes" response	ises have be	ctice in Michigan. en disclosed in the fin	ancial statem	ents, including	the notes, or i
			d recommendation				*	
			able box for each i				-	
∐ yes	X no	1. Cert	ain component un	its/funds/age	ncies of the local unit	are excluded	from the finance	ial statement
☐ y es	∏ no	2. Theream	re are accumulate ings (P.A. 275 of	ed deficits in 1980).	one or more of the	is unit's unre	served fund ba	alances/retain
yes	X no	3. Ther 1968	re are instances of, as amended).	of non-compli	ance with the Unifor	m Accounting	and Budgeting	g Act (P.A. 2
yes	X no	4. The or its	local unit has viol requirements, or	ated the con-	ditions of either an o	rder issued u ency Municipa	nder the Munici	pal Finance A
yes	X no	5. The of 19	local unit holds de 143, as amended [eposits/invest MCL 129.91]	ments which do not on or P.A. 55 of 1982,	comply with s as amended (tatutory require MCL 38.1132]).	ments. (P.A.
yes	™ no	6. The unit.	local unit has bee	n delinquent	in distributing tax rev	enues that we	ere collected for	another taxi
yes	X no	the c	ed pension benefit	is (normal co	stitutional requirement sts) in the current year an the normal cost	ar. If the plan	is more than 10	0% funded ar
yes	X no	8. The I	ocal unit uses cre (MCL 129.241).	edit cards and	I has not adopted an	applicable po	olicy as required	by P.A. 266
] yes	X no	9. The l	ocal unit has not a	adopted an in	vestment policy as re	equired by P.A	1. 196 of 1997 (MCL 129.95).
We have	e enclos	ed the f	ollowing:			Enclosed	To Be Forwarded	Not Required
The lette	r of comm	ents and	recommendation	s		Х		
Reports	on individ	ual feder	al financial assista	ince program	s (program audits).			Х
Single Au	udit Repor	ts (ASLG	SU).					X
Certified I			Firm Name) LANG, P.C.	P				
Street Ad	dress 5915	EASTM	AN AVENUE	SUITE 1	City OO MIDLAN	ND , ,	State ZIP	8640
Accounta	nt Signatur	e	Marketin	Car	Cal	2/1/25		

CITY OF AUBURNBAY COUNTY, MICHIGAN

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For The Year Ended June 30, 2004

CITY OF AUBURN

CITY COUNCIL

John McNally Mayor

Richard Fletcher Commissioner

Ann Machelski Commissioner

B.J. Raab Commissioner

William Reder Commissioner

Cynthia Rhynard Commissioner

James Zoller Commissioner

MANAGEMENT

JoElla Krantz City Administrator

Lucille Wiesenauer City Clerk/Treasurer

CITY POPULATION–2000 CENSUS 2,011

STATE EQUALIZED VALUE-2003 \$48,901,600

STATE TAXABLE VALUE–2003 \$43,850,493

CITY OF AUBURN BAY COUNTY, MICHIGAN AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2004

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Government-Wide Statement of Activities (Exhibit 3)
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Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets (Exhibit 4.1)
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Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets (Exhibit 5.1)
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Independent Auditors' Report

Members of the City Commission City of Auburn Bay County, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Auburn, Bay County, Michigan (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2004, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Auburn, Bay County, Michigan, as of June 30, 2004, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in footnote 9, the City has implemented a new financial reporting model, as required by the provisions of GASB Statement No.34, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments, as of June 30, 2004.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 3 through 7 and 32 through 34, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Auburn's basic financial statements. The combining fund financial statements on pages 35 and 36 are presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining fund financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Burnoul & Lang C. C.
Midland, Michigan
November 5, 2004

CITY OF AUBURN MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS LETTER FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

The following discussion and analysis of the City of Auburn's financial performance presents management's overview of the City's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2004. Please read it in conjunction with the City's basic financial statements, which begin immediately following this analysis. This annual financial report consists of two parts – Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section) and the Basic Financial Statements.

In June 1999, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments. GASB No. 34 established financial reporting standards for state and local governments, including cities, villages and townships. GASB No. 34 required the following changes to the City's financial statements:

- 1. The *Statement of Net Assets* presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. The net assets section is displayed in three categories: 1) Invested Capital Assets, net of related debt, 2) Restricted, 3) Unrestricted.
- 2. The *Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets* presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. This statement measures the success of the City's operations over the past year and can be used to determine the City's creditworthiness.
- 3. The *Statement of Cash Flows* now includes a summarization of the cash flows from operations and investments during the reporting period. As in the past, the Statement of Cash Flows continues to reconcile the reasons why cash from operating activities differs from operating income.

Overview of the Basic Financial Statement

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1)government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

Exhibit 1

The *statement of net assets* includes all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the City's financial position is improving or deteriorating. Net assets are displayed in three categories:

- Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt
- Restricted
- Unrestricted

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include: general government, public safety, streets, sanitation and recreation. The business-type activities of the City include: a water and sewer system and motor pool.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government), but also the Downtown Development Authority. Financial information for this component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

Fund Financial Statement. The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City's major funds individually. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Auburn, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of government funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental Exhibit 1

funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City of Auburn maintains five (5) individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Local Street Fund and the Major Street Fund which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund and special revenue funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general and other major funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Proprietary funds. The City of Auburn maintains three (3) proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer activity. The internal service fund is an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City Of Auburn uses an internal service fund to account for its fleet of vehicles and other equipment.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Analysis of the Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial report represents the new approach mandated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB sets the uniform standard for presenting governmental financial reports. This report represents the first year the City of Auburn applied this standard and the amount of comparative financial information from previous years is limited. Subsequent years' financial reports will provide complete comparative information in this Management Discussion and Analysis.

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City Of Auburn, assets exceeded liabilities by \$3,776,351 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. City of Auburn's increase in net assets for this fiscal year amounts to \$170,277.

The largest portion of the City's net assets (72%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any accumulated depreciation and related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City used these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investments in its capital is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net assets (19%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets \$299,008 may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, both for the government as a whole as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities increased the City's net assets by \$111,582 accounting for 66% of the total growth in the net assets of the City.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. As of the end of the fiscal year, total fund balance for the General Fund was \$821,539, an increase of \$21,378 over prior year balance, a 2.7% increase over the previous year. Following is a chart of the General Fund fund balance trend over the last five years.

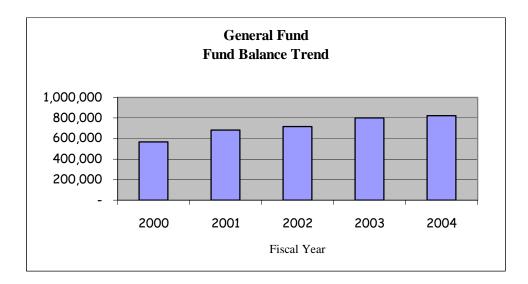


Exhibit 1

Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the City's net assets by \$58,695 accounting for 32% of the total growth in the City's net assets. The Water Fund continued to invest capital assets to replace its aging infrastructure with the completion of Macomber and Grant Street watermain replacements. The Sewer Fund will continue to build capital reserves for future replacement and repairs of the Nine Mile Road pump station.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Budget and actual comparison statements are provided in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual for the General Fund and all major special revenue funds with annually appropriated budgets. These statements show the original budget, final budget, actual amounts, and the variances between actual and final budgeted amounts. Operating the City is a dynamic undertaking and budget amendments are approved throughout the year. Budgets are revised for a variety of reasons, such as unanticipated revenues or unforeseen expenditures. Over the course of the fiscal year the City Commission revised the budget two times.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. At June 30, 2004 the City had \$3.3 million invested in capital assets, including buildings, equipment, park and recreation facilities and water and sewer lines.

Long-Term Debt. At June 30, 2004, the City of Auburn had total bonded debt outstanding of \$1,068,036. Additional information can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements, Note 6.

Economic Factors

The General Operating Fund of the City is primarily reliant on distributions of state shared revenues and property taxes. State shared revenues have continued to decline. State revenues are at their lowest since 1970. At this writing, the State of Michigan's revenues are, once again, falling below projections. This may impact Auburn through further reductions in State revenue sharing. To date these revenue reductions have been masked because of our growth and increased property tax revenues. The City will continue to monitor revenues and expenditures to ensure the City maintains a balanced budget.

Financial Contact

The City's financial statements are designed to present users (citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors) with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability. If you have questions about the report or need additional financial information, please contact the City's Administrator at 113 E. Elm Street, Auburn, Michigan 48611.

CITY OF AUBURN GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2004

	P	Primary Government								
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Downtown Development Authority						
ASSETS	4 100 251	a 226 270	0 1 524 620	9 275 020						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,198,351	\$ 326,279	\$ 1,524,630	\$ 375,039						
Accounts receivable, net	47,065	68,190	115,255							
Taxes receivable, net	24,310		24,310	- 224						
Other receivables, net	2,445	(#C	2,445	224						
Due from other funds	178,722	2 <u>1</u> 21	178,722	(n .)						
Due from other governmental units	25,012		25,012	-						
Inventory	62	-	62							
Prepaid items	5,301	12,454	17,755	•						
Capital assets:			Agretto de supero							
Land	61,570	36,000	97,570	13,000						
Land improvements, net	36,617	<u>=</u>	36,617							
Buildings and improvements, net	114,993	1.5	114,993	53,859						
Equipment and vehicles, net	350,651	ii ii x	350,651	154						
Infrastructure, net	-	2,740,128	2,740,128							
Total capital assets	563,831	2,776,128	3,339,959	66,859						
Total assets	2,045,099	3,183,051	5,228,150	442,122						
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	74,407	55,282	129,689	(-11)						
Accrued expenses	12,372	1,210	13,582	1 - 0.						
Due to other funds	50,819	125,000	175,819	12						
Deposits and other liabilities	2,403	.=	2,403							
Long-term liabilities:										
Portion due or payable within one year:										
Bonds and contracts payable	100,804	-	100,804	-						
Compensated absences	6,225	/,75,	6,225	-						
Portion due or payable after one year:										
Bonds and contracts payable	967,232	-	967,232							
Compensated absences	56,045	<u>=</u>	56,045							
Total liabilities	1,270,307	181,492	1,451,799							
NET ASSETS										
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	563,831	2,776,128	3,339,959	66,859						
Restricted for:		900 * 0 - 900 * 000000								
Streets, roads and bridges	128,424	-	128,424							
Debt service	8,960		8,960	-						
Unrestricted	73,577	225,431	299,008	375,263						
Total net assets	\$ 774,792	\$ 3,001,559	\$ 3,776,351	\$ 442,122						
A OTHER HOSOLO	,-,	/								

CITY OF AUBURN GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2004

					Progra	m Revenues				Net (E	xpens	e) Revenue ar	nd Cl	nanges in Net A	Assets	
			Fees	, Fines and		perating	Capit	al		P	rimar	y Governmen	t			
Activities:	Expenses		Charges for Services		Grants and Contributions		Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		F2	Total		mponent it - DDA
Governmental:			-													
General government	\$	211,083	\$	9,098	\$	€	\$		\$	(201,985)			\$	(201,985)		
Public safety		237,802		16,158		_		-		(221,644)				(221,644)		
Public works		546,633		109,822		147,286		-		(289,525)				(289,525)		
Community and economic development		11,018		. 1, 4		2		- 1		(11,018)				(11,018)		
Recreation and culture		71,374		4,359		1,345		-		(65,670)				(65,670)		
Interest and fiscal charges		67,728				1 1				(67,728)			_	(67,728)		
Total governmental activities		1,145,638	177	139,437		148,631		-		(857,570)				(857,570)		
Business-type:																
Sewer		220,667		261,481		-					\$	40,814		40,814		
Water		253,020		270,039		160	N	-			_	17,019		17,019		
Total business-type activities		473,687		531,520				-				57,833		57,833		
Total Primary Government	\$	1,619,325	\$	670,957	\$	148,631	\$			(857,570)		57,833	_	(799,737)		
Component units:	8															
Downtown Development Authority	\$	5,277	_\$	-	\$		\$								\$	(5,277)
	Gen	eral revenues														
		operty taxes, 1		or general nur	noses					376,124				376,124		122,628
		operty taxes, l			Poses					219,281		1000		219,281		, -
		ate aid	O VIOU I	or roads						201,888		(: -)		201,888		7.75
		vestment earn	inos							15,869		2,251		18,120		2,818
		iscellaneous	60							134,826		19,775		154,601		
	12/27	ansfers								21,164		(21,164)		72 U 2 7		-
	Total general revenues and transfers									969,152	-	862	-	970,014		125,446
		1 Juli genera		inge in net ass						111,582	-	58,695		170,277		120,169
	Net	assets-beginn								663,210		2,942,864		3,606,074		321,953
		assets-endin	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						\$	774,792	\$	3,001,559	\$	3,776,351	\$	442,122

CITY OF AUBURN GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2004

		General		Major Street		Local Street	Gov	Other vernmental Funds		Total
ASSETS	-		2							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	660,931	\$	77,057	\$	29,428	\$	240,620	\$	1,008,036
Accounts receivable, net		47,065		-		¥		=		47,065
Taxes receivable, net		16,599		=		-		7,711		24,310
Due from other funds		130,600		43,659		4,463		-		178,722
Due from other governmental units		-		17,851		7,161		=		25,012
Inventories		-				-		62		62
Other receivables		2,445		-		-		-		2,445
Prepaid items		3,469		583	4	713				4,765
Total assets	\$	861,109	\$	139,150	\$	41,765		248,393	\$	1,290,417
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	25,430	\$	45,363	\$	2,420	\$	150	\$	73,363
Accrued expenses		11,737		119		126		鉴		11,982
Due to other funds		<u>~</u>		4,463		-		46,356		50,819
Deposits and other liabilities		2,403		9		<u> </u>				2,403
Total liabilities	59	39,570	29	49,945	4	2,546		46,506	_	138,567
Fund balances:										
Reserved for:										
Prepaid items		3,469		-		-		ē.		3,469
Unreserved and undesignated		818,070	, <u> </u>	89,205		39,219	N _B	201,887		1,148,381
Total fund balances		821,539		89,205	6	39,219	-	201,887	-	1,151,850
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	861,109	\$	139,150	\$	41,765	\$	248,393	\$	1,290,417

CITY OF AUBURN RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2004

Total fund balances for governmental funds (Exhibit 4)		\$	1,151,850
Total net assets reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets is different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and			
therefore are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:			
Land	\$ 61,570		
Land improvements, net of \$172,768 accumulated depreciation	36,617		
Buildings and improvements, net of \$70,188 accumulated depreciation	92,592		
Equipment, net of \$70,512 accumulated depreciation	22,000		
Furniture and fixtures, net of \$6,910 accumulated depreciation	11,766		
Total capital assets			224,545
The internal service funds (see Exhibit 6) are used by the City to charge the cost			
of operating a motor pool to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the			
internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of			
net assets. The internal service fund's net assets are:			528,703
Long-term liabilities applicable to the City's governmental activities are not due and			
payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All			
liabilites, both current and long-term, are reported in the statement of net assets.			
Balances at June 30, 2004 are:			
Sewage Disposal Bonds	\$ (108,675)		
Auburn Drain Contract	(269,361)		
Michigan Transportation Bonds	(465,000)		
Midland Road General Obligation Bonds	(225,000)		
Compensated absences	(62,270)	-	(1,130,306)
Total net assets of governmental activities (Exhibit 2)		\$	774,792

CITY OF AUBURN STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

		General		Major Street	<u> </u>	Local Street	Gov	Other vernmental Funds		Total
REVENUES	93944									600 FD F
Property taxes and related fees	\$	384,454	\$	-	\$	=	\$	219,281	\$	603,735
Licenses and permits		2,174		=		-		14,422		16,596
State aid		201,888		105,151		42,135		-		349,174
Charges for services		118,482								118,482
Interest and dividends		12,792		246		75		2,756		15,869
Rents and royalties		4,359		-		-		_		4,359
Fines and forfeits		1,895		2		-		-		1,895
Special assessments, net		78,893		<u>=</u>		-		-		78,893
Donations		1,345		2		-		~		1,345
Miscellaneous		37,663		5,437		2,608		<u> </u>		45,708
Total revenues		843,945		110,834	_	44,818		236,459	-	1,236,056
EXPENDITURES										
General government		196,683		=		7.				196,683
Public safety		221,718		-		-		13,173		234,891
Public works		225,483		264,496		56,632		22		546,633
Community and economic development		11,018		- 4		2		9		11,018
Recreation and culture		65,267		4		2		-		65,267
Capital outlay		35,782		-		-		-		35,782
Debt service		_				<u>-</u>		168,533		168,533
Total expenditures		755,951		264,496		56,632		181,728		1,258,807
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		87,994		(153,662)		(11,814)		54,731		(22,751)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers-in				189,800		26,313		173,483		389,596
Transfers-out		(66,616)		(26,313)		2_		(275,503)		(368,432)
Total other financing sources and uses	8)-	(66,616)		163,487	107	26,313		(102,020)		21,164
Net change in fund balances	1.00	21,378		9,825	2.5	14,499	A	(47,289)		(1,587)
Fund balances-beginning		800,161	-	79,380	1-	24,720	-	249,176	-	1,153,437
Fund balances-ending	_\$_	821,539	\$	89,205		39,219	\$	201,887	\$	1,151,850

CITY OF AUBURN RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES June 30, 2004

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit 5)		\$ (1,587)
The change in net assets reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the		
statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated		
useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which		
capital outlay (\$35,782) exceeded depreciation (\$23,417) in the current period.		12,365
Debt proceeds are reported as financing sources in governmental funds		
and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net assets, however,		
issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of		
activities. Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental		
funds but reduces the liability in the statement of net assets.		
Repayments:		
Sewage Disposal Bonds	\$ 25,875	
Auburn Drain Contract	29,929	
Michigan Transportation Bonds	30,000	
Midland Road General Obligation Bonds	 15,000	100,804
Change in net assets of governmental activities (Exhibit 3)		\$ 111,582

CITY OF AUBURN PROPRIETARY FUND STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2004

Sewer		Water			·		
					Internal Servi		
Fund		Fund		Total		Fund	
\$ 183,645	\$		\$		\$	190,315	
22,726		45,464		68,190		14	
11,797		657		12,454		536	
218,168		188,755		406,923		190,851	
36,000		-		36,000		(*)	
=		-		-		339,286	
1,149,602		1,590,526		2,740,128			
1,185,602		1,590,526		2,776,128	-	339,286	
1,403,770		1,779,281		3,183,051		530,137	
42,267		13,015		55,282		1,044	
448		762		1,210		390	
		125,000		125,000			
42,715		138,777		181,492		1,434	
1,185,602		1,590,526		2,776,128		339,286	
		49,978		225,431		189,417	
\$ 1,361,055	\$	1,640,504	\$	3,001,559	\$	528,703	
\$	22,726 11,797 218,168 36,000 - 1,149,602 1,185,602 1,403,770 42,267 448 - 42,715 1,185,602 175,453	22,726 11,797 218,168 36,000 - 1,149,602 1,185,602 1,403,770 42,267 448 - 42,715 1,185,602 175,453	22,726 45,464 11,797 657 218,168 188,755 36,000 - 1,149,602 1,590,526 1,185,602 1,590,526 1,403,770 1,779,281 42,267 13,015 448 762 - 125,000 42,715 138,777 1,185,602 1,590,526 175,453 49,978	22,726	22,726 45,464 68,190 11,797 657 12,454 218,168 188,755 406,923 36,000 - 36,000 - - - 1,149,602 1,590,526 2,740,128 1,185,602 1,590,526 2,776,128 1,403,770 1,779,281 3,183,051 42,267 13,015 55,282 448 762 1,210 - 125,000 125,000 42,715 138,777 181,492 1,185,602 1,590,526 2,776,128 175,453 49,978 225,431	22,726 45,464 68,190 11,797 657 12,454 218,168 188,755 406,923 36,000 - 36,000 - - - 1,149,602 1,590,526 2,740,128 1,185,602 1,590,526 2,776,128 1,403,770 1,779,281 3,183,051 42,267 13,015 55,282 448 762 1,210 - 125,000 125,000 42,715 138,777 181,492 1,185,602 1,590,526 2,776,128 175,453 49,978 225,431	

CITY OF AUBURN STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

]	Ente	rprise Funds			M	otor Pool
	Sewer		Water			Inter	nal Service
	Fund		Fund		Total		Fund
OPERATING REVENUES					2000		
Charges for services	\$ 261,481	\$	260,072	\$	521,553	\$	161,037
Miscellaneous	-		9,967		9,967		
Total operating revenues	261,481	_	270,039	200	531,520	-	161,037
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Salaries and wages	14,153		23,897		38,050		24,257
Employee benefits	4,675		8,665		13,340		10,236
Supplies	5,871		16,362		22,233		7,664
Dues and fees	-		1,439		1,439		
Gas and oil	[q <u>2</u> 2]		-		14		10,099
Uniforms	1.5		-		727		2,331
Contracted services	750		1,976		2,726		852
Telephone and communications	661		416		1,077		-
Insurance	7,239		1,125		8,364		9,575
Utilities	4,085		209		4,294		3,420
Sewage treatment	133,611		-		133,611		-
Water purchases	-		145,121		145,121		12
Repairs and maintenance	6,708		578		7,286		31,453
Equipment rental	6,322		14,818		21,140		-
Miscellaneous	575		954		1,529		672
Education and training	7.5		1,067		1,067		-
Depreciation	36,017		36,393		72,410		40,124
Total operating expenses	220,667	() 	253,020	-	473,687	13	140,683
Operating income (loss)	 40,814	(i <u> </u>	17,019	9 <u>1</u>	57,833		20,354
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)							
Investment earnings	1,183		1,068		2,251		2,500
Other nonoperating revenue	9,335		10,440		19,775		- 1
Gain (loss) on sale of assets					-		10,501
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)	10,518		11,508	19-	22,026		13,001
Income (loss) before capital grants and transfers	 51,332		28,527		79,859		33,355
TRANSFERS							
Transfers in	-		12,400		12,400		
Transfers (out)	(33,564)		-		(33,564)	E- 52-	
Changes in net assets	17,768		40,927		58,695		33,355
Total net assets-beginning	 1,343,287	_	1,599,577	21	2,942,864		495,348
Total net assets-ending	\$ 1,361,055	\$	1,640,504	\$	3,001,559	\$	528,703

CITY OF AUBURN PROPRIETARY FUND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

			Ente	rprise Funds			M	otor Pool
		Sewer		Water		PR 4 3	Inter	nal Service
		Fund		Fund	-	Total	-	Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	_	240.014	ø.	0.47 510	ď	516 256	ø	161 027
Receipts from customers	\$	268,844	\$	247,512	\$	516,356	\$	161,037
Payments to suppliers		(160,424)		(169,410)		(329,834)		(64,115)
Payments to employees		(18,643)		(32,201)		(50,844)		(34,394)
Internal activity-payments from (to) other funds		(6,322)		(14,818)		(21,140)		-
Other receipts	_	(20)	_	9,967		9,967		-
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		83,455		41,050		124,505		62,528
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING A	CTIVI	TIES						
Transfers in		-		12,400		12,400		-
Transfers (out)		(33,564)		-		(33,564)		(=)
Nonoperating revenue		9,335		10,440		19,775		-
Interfund loans-proceeds and collections		-		125,000		125,000		
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		(24,229)		147,840	_	123,611	7	-
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Purchases and construction of capital assets		()=)		(283,212)		(283,212)		(105,965)
Proceeds from the sale of assets		19 0				•		10,501
Net cash used by capital and	-							
related financing activities	-	1971	-	(283,212)		(283,212)		(95,464)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Interest and dividends		1,183		1,068		2,251		2,500
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	-	60,409		(93,254)		(32,845)		(30,436)
Balances-beginning of the year		123,236		235,888		359,124		220,751
Balances-end of the year	\$	183,645	\$	142,634	\$	326,279	\$	190,315
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash								
provided (used) by operating activities:								
Operating income (loss)	\$	40,814	\$	17,019	\$	57,833	\$	20,354
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:								
		36,017		36,393		72,410		40,124
Depreciation expense		50,017		20,275		. =,		
Change in assets and liabilities:		7,363		(12,560)		(5,197)		-
Receivables, net		(9,879)		110		(9,769)		1,391
Prepaid items		8,955		(273)		8,682		560
Accounts payable		185		361		546		99
Accrued expenses	<u> </u>	THE OWNER OF THE PARTY OF THE P	•	41,050	\$	124,505	\$	62,528
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	83,455	\$	41,030	Φ	124,303	φ	02,020

CITY OF AUBURN STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS June 30, 2004

			Ager	icy Funds		
	Pa	yroll		rent Tax Illection		Total
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	124	\$	3,003	\$	3,127
Total assets	182	124		3,003	10	3,127
LIABILITIES						
Due to other funds		-		2,903		2,903
Other liabilities		124		100		224
Total liabilities	-	124		3,003	0	3,127
NET ASSETS	\$		\$		\$	-

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the City conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by the City:

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Auburn (the "City") was organized in 1947 and covers an area of approximately one square mile. The City is governed by an elected Mayor and Board of Commissioners (6 members) with a City Administrator overseeing daily operations. The City provides services to its various residents in many areas, including law enforcement, health and sanitation, community enrichment and development and human services. As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the City and its component units. In evaluating how to define the City for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity."

The individual component unit discussed below is included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of its operational or financial relationships with the City.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

The following component unit is reported within the "component unit" column in the combined financial statements. The discretely presented component unit is an entity that is legally seperate from the City, but for which the City is financially accountable, or its relationship with the City is such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

<u>Downtown Development Authority (DDA)</u> - The DDA was created to correct and prevent deterioration in the downtown district, encourage historical preservation, and to promote economic growth within the downtown district. The DDA operates under the directorship of a board consisting of nine members appointed by the City Commission. The City Commission approves the annual budget of the DDA. The DDA has not entered into any contracts, hired employees, issued debt or purchased assets. The DDA does not issue separate financial statements.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Jointly Governed Organizations

<u>Auburn-Williams Fire Protection District</u> - The City of Auburn and Williams Township jointly govern the Auburn-Williams Fire Protection District. The funding formula requires that the City provide 30% and Williams Township 70% of the operational and building costs. The Auburn-Williams Fire District has title to all property, plant and equipment. All of the financial operations of the Fire Protection district are recorded in the Auburn Williams District.

Auburn Area Solid Waste Management Authority - The City of Auburn, Williams Township and Beaver Township jointly govern the Authority. Each municipality is liable for their share of any expenditures incurred. As of June 30, 2004, the City has not received any revenue or incurred any expenditures related to the Authority. The Authority has not entered into any contract, hired employees, issued debt or purchased assets. All of the financial operations of the Authority are recorded by the Auburn Area Solid Waste Management Authority.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the government and its component unit. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and (2) grants and contribution that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenue.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, expenditures relating to compensated absences, and claims and judgements are recorded only when payment is due.

Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual—that is, when they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the fiscal period. Revenue susceptible to accrual include property taxes, state revenue sharing and interest.

The City property tax is levied each December 1st on the taxable valuation of property (as defined by State statutes) located in the City as of the preceding December 31st.

The 2003 taxable valuation of the City totaled \$43.9 million, on which ad valorem taxes levied consisted of 9.76 mills for City operating purpose, 1.236 mills for drains, and 5.000 mills for road repairs. These amounts are recognized in the General Fund and the Road Revolving Fund as property taxes and related fees.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The government reports the following major funds:

The General Fund is the governments primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Major Street Fund accounts for the receipt and expenditures of State motor fuel taxes which are earmarked by law for major street and highway purposes.

The Local Street Fund is used to account for the receipt and expenditure of State motor fuel taxes which are earmarked by law for local street and highway purposes.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Sewer Fund is used to record the revenues and expenses for the operation of the sewer system. Capital assets are recorded within the fund and depreciation is charged.

The Water Fund is used to record the revenues and expenses for the operation of the water system. Capital assets are recorded within the fund and depreciation is charged.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

The Motor Pool Fund is an internal service fund, which accounts for major machinery and equipment purchases and maintenance to provide services to other departments of the government on a cost reimbursement basis.

The Current Tax Collection Fund is used to account for resources held by the City in a purely custodial capacity. Money in this fund is from current tax and special assessment collections. Timely distribution to the appropriate fund and local unit must be made in accordance with Section 43 of the General Property Tax Act.

Private-sector standards of accounting issued prior to December 1, 1989, are generally followed in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with the standards of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The government has elected to also follow private-sector standards issued after November 30, 1989 for its business-type activities.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Amounts reported as program revenue include: (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided; (2) operating grants and contributions; and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenue rather than as program revenue. Likewise, general revenue includes all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenue and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenue and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue the City's proprietary funds relate to charges to customers for sales and services. The sewer and water fund also recognizes the portion of tap fees intended to recover current costs as operating revenue. The portion intended to recover the cost of the infrastructure is recognized as nonoperating revenue. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenue and expenses.

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets

<u>Bank Deposits and Investments</u>—Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value.

<u>Receivables and Payables</u>—In general, outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as "advances to/from other funds".

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of allowance for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes are levied on each December 1st on the taxable valuation of property as of the preceding December 31st. Taxes are considered delinquent on March 1st of the following year, at which time penalties and interest are assessed.

<u>Inventories and Prepaid Items</u>—Inventories are valued at cost, on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect cost applicable to future years and are recorded as prepaid items in the government-wide and fund statements.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Restricted Assets</u>—The revenue bonds of the enterprise funds require amounts to be set aside for construction, debt service principal and interest, operations and maintenance, and a bond reserve. These amounts have been classified as restricted assets.

<u>Capital Assets</u>—Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$500 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Interest incurred, if any, during the construction of capital assets of business-type activities is included in the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings	40 to 60 years
Building improvements	15 to 30 years
Sewer and water systems	50 to 75 years
Office equipment	5 to 10 years
Computer equipment	3 to 5 years

Compensated Absences (Vacation and Sick Leave)—It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation and sick leave, which will be paid to employees upon separation from the City. Sick leave is paid only upon retirement and is limited to the lesser of one-half of the total accumulation or 60 days. Employees are paid all of their accumulated vacation pay upon termination of employment for any reason.

In governmental funds, the cost of vacation and sick leave is recognized when payments are made to the employees. The long term portion of unpaid sick and vacation pay that is applicable to governmental fund types is reported in the Statement of Net Assets.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Long-Term Obligations—In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

<u>Fund Equity</u>—In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations, if any, of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

NOTE 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

<u>Budgetary Information</u>—Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. The budget document presents information by fund, function, department or activity, and line items. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body is at the fund level for all other governmental fund types.

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Michigan Compiled Laws, Section 129.91, authorizes the City to make deposits and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations which have an office in Michigan. The City is allowed to invest in bonds, securities and other direct obligations of the United States or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; United States government or federal agency obligations; repurchase agreements; bankers acceptances of United States banks' commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications which mature not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions which are rated as investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles which are legal for direct investment by local units of government.

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The City Council has designated ten banks for the deposit of City funds. The investment policy adopted by the council in accordance with Public Act 196 of 1997 has authorized investment in bonds and securities of the United States government and bank accounts and certificates of deposit, but not the remainder of State statutory as listed above.

The City's deposits and investment policy are in accordance with statutory authority.

At year-end, the City's deposits and investments were reported in the basic financial statements in the following categories:

	Governmental Activities	Business- Type Funds	Fiduciary Funds	Total Primary Government	Component Unit
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,198,351	\$ 326,279	\$ 3,127	\$ 1,527,757	\$ 375,039
Total	\$ 1,198,351	\$ 326,279	\$ 3,127	\$ 1,527,757	\$ 375,039

The breakdown between deposits and investments is as follows:

	Primary Government	C	omponent Unit
Bank Deposits (checking and savings, certificate of deposit) Petty Cash and Cash on Hand	\$ 1,527,607 150	\$	375,039
Total	\$ 1,527,757	\$	375,039

The bank balance of the primary government deposits is \$1,635,497, of which \$900,000 is covered by federal deposit insurance. The component unit's deposit had a bank balance of \$377,039 of which \$200,000 is covered by federal deposit insurance.

NOTE 4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity of the primary government for the current year was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated Land	\$ 61,570	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 61,570
Capital Assets Being Depreciated Land Improvements Buildings and Improvements Equipment Furniture and Fixtures	202,962 188,740 661,674 18,676	6,423 26,631 108,693	61,005	209,385 215,371 709,362 18,676
Subtotal	1,072,052	141,747	61,005	1,152,794
Less Accumulated Depreciation for Land Improvements Buildings and Improvements Equipment Furniture and Fixtures	166,661 92,711 384,625 3,999	6,107 7,667 46,857 2,911	61,005	172,768 100,378 370,477 6,910
Subtotal	647,996	63,542	61,005	650,533
Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated	424,056	78,205		502,261
Governmental Activities Capital Assets–Net of Depreciation	\$ 485,626	\$ 78,205	\$ -	\$ 563,831

NOTE 4. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Business-Type Activities	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated Land	\$ 36,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 36,000
Capital Assets Being Depreciated Sewer System Water System	1,804,938 1,814,303	283,211	<u>.</u>	1,804,938 2,097,514
Subtotal	3,619,241	283,211		3,902,452
Less Accumulated Depreciation for Sewer System Water System	619,319 470,595	36,017 36,393		655,336 506,988
Subtotal	1,089,914	72,410		1,162,324
Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated	2,529,327	210,801		2,740,128
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets–Net of Depreciation	\$ 2,565,327	\$ 210,801	\$ -	\$ 2,776,128

Depreciation expense was charged to programs of the City as follows:

Governmental Activities	
General Government	\$ 14,400
Public Safety	2,911
Recreation and Culture	6,107
Internal Service Fund	 40,124
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 63,542
Business-Type Activities	
Sewer	\$ 36,017
Water	 36,393
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 72,410

NOTE 5. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances is as follows:

Fund	Interfund Receivable								Interfund Payable		
General	\$	130,600	Major Street	\$	4,463						
Major Street		43,659	Road Revolving		46,356						
Local Street		4,463	Water		125,000						
			Tax Collection		2,903						
Total	\$	178,722	Total	\$	178,722						

Interfund Transfers:

Fund	onsfers Out	Fund	Tra	ansfers In
General	\$ 66,616	Major Street	\$	189,800
Major Street	26,313	Local Street		26,313
Road Revolving	275,503	Debt Service		173,483
Sewer	33,564	Water		12,400
Total	\$ 401,996	Total	\$	401,996

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT

The government issues bonds to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. County contractual agreements and installment purchase agreements are also general obligations of the government. Special assessment bonds provide for capital improvements that benefit specific properties, and will be repaid from amounts levied against those properties that directly benefitted from the construction. In the event that a deficiency exists because of unpaid or delinquent special assessments at the time a debt service payment is due, the government is obligated to provide resources to cover the deficiency until other resources (such as tax sale proceeds or a re-assessment of the district) are received. Revenue bonds involve a pledge of specific income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service.

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Bond and contractual agreements can be summarized as follows:

	Interest Rate	Principal Matures	eginning Salance	dditions ductions)	Ending Balance	Within e Year
Governmental Activities						
Sewage Disposal Bonds	5.50 to 7.50%	2008	\$ 134,550	\$ (25,875)	\$ 108,675	\$ 25,875
Auburn Drain Contract	6.60%	2013	299,290	(29,929)	269,361	29,929
Transportation Bonds	5.05 to 5.60%	2015	495,000	(30,000)	465,000	30,000
General Obligation Bonds	5.05 to 5.60%	2015	240,000	(15,000)	225,000	15,000
			\$ 1,168,840	\$ (100,804)	\$ 1,068,036	\$ 100,804

Scheduled principal maturities of long-term debt for years subsequent to June 30, 2004 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Governmental Activities				
2005	\$ 100,804				
2006	105,804				
2007	107,529				
2008	112,529				
2009	89,929				
Thereafter	551,441				
Total	\$ 1,068,036				

Interest and fiscal charges for the year totaled \$67,728; no interest costs were capitalized.

NOTE 7. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions and employee injuries (workers compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The City purchases commercial insurance to cover the risks of these losses. Settled claims relating to commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

NOTE 8. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN

Plan Description—The City participates in the Michigan Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS), an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers all employees of the City. The system provides retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the system. The report may be obtained by writing to:

Municipal Employee Retirement Systems of Michigan 447 North Canal Street Lansing, Michigan 48917 (517) 622-4401

Funding Policy—The funding policy provides for periodic employer contributions at actuarially determined rates that, expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll, are designed to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. The normal cost and amortization payment, for the year ended December 31, 2003, were determined using an attained age actuarial funding method. Unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, if any, were amortized as a level percent of payroll over a period of 30 years.

Annual Pension Costs–For the year ended June 30, 2004, the City's annual pension contribution was equal to \$25,017. The annual required contribution was determined as part of an actuarial valuation at December 31, 2003, using the entry age normal cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions used include: 1) an 8% investment rate of return; 2) projected salary increases of 4.5% per year plus a percentage based on an age-related scale to reflect merit, longevity and promotional salary increase ranging from 0.0% to 4.16%; and 3) various mortality rates, retirement rates and withdrawal rates for members based on experience studies.

Three year trend information as of December 31, 2003 follows:

	2003	2002	2001
Annual Pension Cost	\$ 25,017	\$ 24,070	\$ 29,650
Percentage of APC Contributed	100%	100%	100%
Net Pension Obligation	0	0	0
Actuarial Accrued Liability	1,211,283	1,113,114	998,520
Actuarial Value of Assets	1,013,511	924,345	892,772
Unfunded (Overfunded) AAL	197,772	188,769	105,748
Funded Percentage	83.7%	83.1%	89.4%
Covered Payroll	307,741	292,774	269,605
UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	64.3%	64.5%	39.2%

NOTE 9. IMPLEMENTATION OF NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARD

As of and for the year ended June 30, 2004, the City implemented GASB Statement Number 34 - Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments. The more significant changes required by the standard include a Management Discussion and Analysis; government-wide financial statements, prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting; fund financial statements, consisting of a series of statements that focus on a government-wide financial statements.

Management has elected to utilize the transition option in the implementation of GASB No. 34 and plans to capitalize the value of its network of streets as an infrastructure asset in its June 30, 2006 financial statements.

CITY OF AUBURN BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES						
Property taxes and related fees	\$ 385,742	\$ 385,742	\$ 384,454	\$ (1,288)		
Licenses and permits	2,250	2,250	2,174	(76)		
State aid	200,000	200,000	201,888	1,888		
Charges for services	100,500	100,500	118,482	17,982		
Interest and dividends	10,000	10,000	12,792	2,792		
Rents and royalties	4,500	4,500	4,359	(141)		
Fines and forfeits	1,500	1,500	1,895	395		
Special assessments	87,182	76,200	78,893	2,693		
Donations and contributions	200	200	1,345	1,145		
Miscellaneous	20,500	37,500	37,663	163		
Total revenues	812,374	818,392	843,945	25,553		
EXPENDITURES						
General Government:						
City commission	5,673	7,673	3,860	3,813		
City administrator	85,930	77,230	72,216	5,014		
Clerk/Treasurer	63,050	54,310	47,317	6,993		
Assessing	17,580	17,580	17,778	(198)		
Elections	7,220	7,220	6,724	496		
Board of review	425	425	322	103		
Buildings and grounds	31,860	40,410	43,693	(3,283)		
All other general government	7,000	7,000	4,773	2,227		
Public Safety:						
Fire district	56,500	56,500	55,208	1,292		
Police department	175,600	175,600	166,510	9,090		
Public Works:						
Public works	257,040	90,040	112,822	(22,782)		
Solid waste	98,000	98,000	92,274	5,726		
Street lights	21,000	21,000	20,387	613		
Community/Economic Development:						
Community planning and development	2,370	10,950	7,816	3,134		
Economic development	2,450	3,150	3,202	(52)		
Recreation and Culture:		50	2	8 0		
Parks and recreation	67,300	67,300	65,267	2,033		
Capital Outlay:						
General government	9,500	9,500	1,811	7,689		
Police	1,000	1,000	917	83		
Parks and recreation	35,000	35,000	33,054	1,946		
Total expenditures	944,498	779,888	755,951	23,937		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(132,124)	38,504	87,994	49,490		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers-out	(335,382)	(192,700)	(66,616)	126,084		
Total other financing sources and uses	(335,382)	(192,700)	(66,616)	126,084		
Net change in fund balances	(467,506)	(154,196)	21,378	175,574		
Fund balances-beginning	800,161	800,161	800,161	192		
	-					

CITY OF AUBURN BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MAJOR STREET

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES	25017	0.460 0.000000			V-36	CONTRACTOR AND AND	200-1	24.54.093290	
State aid	\$	98,000	\$	98,000	\$	105,151	\$	7,151	
Interest and dividends		2,000		500		246		(254)	
Miscellaneous				-		5,437		5,437	
Total revenues	_	100,000	_	98,500		110,834	_	12,334	
EXPENDITURES									
Signs/signals		4,680		4,680		3,039		1,641	
Winter maintenance		17,910		22,770		21,725		1,045	
Street administration		1,700		1,700		876		824	
Maintenance		321,700		248,800		238,856		9,944	
Total expenditures		345,990	-	277,950	H	264,496		13,454	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(245,990)		(179,450)		(153,662)		25,788	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Proceeds from debt obligations		-		-		~		-	
Transfers-in		225,000		189,000		189,800		800	
Transfers-out		(25,000)		(25,000)		(26,313)		(1,313)	
Total other financing sources and uses		200,000	× ===	164,000		163,487		(513)	
Net change in fund balances	3	(45,990)		(15,450)		9,825	-	25,275	
Fund balances-beginning		79,380		79,380		79,380	Ti-		
Fund balances-ending	\$	33,390	_\$	63,930	\$	89,205	\$	25,275	

CITY OF AUBURN BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE LOCAL STREET

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES		10.000	•	40.000		40.105	Φ.	0.105	
State aid	\$	40,000	\$	40,000	\$	42,135	\$	2,135	
Interest and dividends		250		250		75		(175)	
Miscellaneous				- 10.050	-	2,608		2,608	
Total revenues		40,250		40,250	-	44,818		4,568	
EXPENDITURES									
Signs/signals		4,230		4,230		1,348		2,882	
Winter maintenance		14,285		23,505		20,696		2,809	
Street administration		1,550		1,550		943		607	
Maintenance		56,150		39,400		33,645		5,755	
Total expenditures		76,215		68,685	135	56,632		12,053	
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures		(35,965)		(28,435)	-	(11,814)		16,621	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Proceeds from debt obligations		620		2				==	
Transfers-in		31,000		31,000		26,313		(4,687)	
Transfers-out		-				V.#		-	
Total other financing sources and uses		31,000		31,000		26,313		(4,687)	
Net change in fund balances		(4,965)		2,565		14,499		11,934	
Fund balance-beginning		24,720	-	24,720	-	24,720			
Fund balances-ending	_\$	19,755	\$	27,285	\$	39,219	\$	11,934	

CITY OF AUBURN COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2004

		Special Rev	enue Fu	ınds .	Debt Service Funds								Total	
ASSETS	Road Revolving		Building Inspection		1980 G.O. Bonds Sewage Disposal		1992 G.O. Bonds Auburn Drain		Transport	Iichigan ation Bonds nd Road		G.O. Bonds and Road	Gove	onmajor ernmental Funds
	1550													
Cash and cash equivalents Taxes receivable, net	\$	214,963 7,711	\$	16,697	\$	1,283	\$	7,637	\$	20	\$	20	\$	240,620 7,711
Other receivables		62			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-		-		<u> </u>				62
Total assets	\$	222,736	\$	16,697	\$	1,283	\$	7,637	\$	20	\$	20	\$	248,393
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALA	NCES													
Liabilities:														
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	150	\$		\$	•	\$	•	\$	8	\$	150
Due to other funds		46,356		<u> </u>	14			-				- _	_	46,356
Total liabilities		46,356	0	150	-	1/72	*	151					-	46,506
Fund balances:														
Unreserved and undesignated		176,380		16,547		1,283	111	7,637		20		20		201,887
Total fund balances		176,380	(9	16,547	¥	1,283	-	7,637		20		20	8	201,887
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	222,736	\$	16,697	\$	1,283	\$	7,637	\$	20	\$	20_	\$	248,393

CITY OF AUBURN

STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

		Special Rev	ınds	Debt Service Funds									Total	
		Road Revolving		uilding spection	1980 G.O. Bonds Sewage Disposal		1992 G.O. Bonds Auburn Drain		Transp	0 Michigan ortation Bonds lland Road	2000 G.O. Bonds Midland Road		Gov	onmajor /ernmental Funds
REVENUES		210 201											•	210 201
Property taxes and related fees	\$	219,281	\$	14 400	\$	· ·	\$	-	\$	•	\$	-	\$	219,281
Licenses and permits		2.700		14,422		•		-		-		-		14,422
Interest and dividends		2,709		43	(1	•		4	8 6	-		77:		2,756
Total revenues	-	221,990		14,465	19-	-		4	-					236,459
EXPENDITURES														
Public safety		-		13,173		-		-		-		-		13,173
Public works		22		-		- 2		_		-		111 2		22
Debt service				-	33	,564	(0)	49,266	S 75	57,318		28,385		168,533
Total expenditures		22		13,173	33	,564		49,266		57,318		28,385		181,728
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		221,968		1,292	(33	,564)		(49,262)		(57,318)		(28,385)		54,731
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)														
Transfers-in				()	33	,564		54,216		57,318		28,385		173,483
Transfers-out		(275,503)		1		-								(275,503)
Total other financing sources and uses		(275,503)		721	33	,564		54,216		57,318		28,385		(102,020)
Net change in fund balances		(53,535)		1,292		_		4,954		5 -		-		(47,289)
Fund balances-beginning		229,915		15,255	1	,283_		2,683		20_		20		249,176
Fund balances-ending	\$	176,380	\$	16,547	\$ 1	,283	\$	7,637	\$	20	\$	20	\$	201,887

November 5, 2004

Members of the City Commission City of Auburn Bay County, Michigan

Dear Commission Members:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the City of Auburn, for the year ended June 30, 2004, we considered its internal control in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control.

However, during our audit we noted certain matters involving internal control and other operational matters that are presented for your consideration. This letter does not affect our report dated November 5, 2004 on the financial statements of the City of Auburn. We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. Our comments and recommendations, all of which have been discussed with appropriate members of management, are intended to improve the internal control or result in other operating efficiencies. We will be pleased to discuss these comments in further detail at your convenience, perform any additional study of these matters, or assist you in implementing the recommendations. Our comments are summarized as follows:

MANAGEMENT COMMENTS

Financial Oversight

The general limitations in any smaller municipalities like the City of Auburn requires that City Commission members continue to remain involved in the financial affairs of the City through oversight of operation, development of the annual budget, inquiries about variance between budgeted and actual amounts shown in the financial statements, and the independent review of critical functions. Based on inquiries, the City Commission performs these duties and our comment here is intended to emphasize the importance of its oversight.

Compensated Absences Record Keeping

In our previous comments and recommendations letter, we recommend the City Clerk/Treasurer maintain vacation and sick time records that are integrated with the City's computerized payroll system. This recommendation was not implemented during the year. We again make this recommendation to improve the City Clerk/Treasurer's effectiveness in processing payroll.

City of Auburn November 5, 2004 Page 2

Revenue and Expenditure Projections

During our audit we noted the City Manager does not make projections of revenues and expenditures beyond the one year budget cycle. We recommend this analysis be made part of the budgeting process and estimate revenue and expenditures for three years beyond the current budget cycle. Following this recommendation will highlight potential financial difficulties and allow Commissioners time to evaluate the effect on City services.

Conclusion

These conditions were considered in determining the nature, timing, and extent of the audit tests applied on our audit of the June 30, 2004 financial statements, and this report does not affect our report on those financial statements dated November 5, 2004. We have not considered internal control since the date of our report.

This report is intended for the information of the members of the City Commission, management and the State of Michigan, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

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BURNSIDE & LANG, P.C.